

# Recombinant Human IL-1R1/IL-1RT1/CD121a Protein

Catalog No.: RP01036 Recombinant

## **Sequence Information**

**Species Gene ID Swiss Prot** Human 3554 P14778

# Tags

C-His

#### Synonyms

IL1R1;CD121A;D2S1473;IL-1R-alpha;IL1R;IL1RA;P80

### **Product Information**

**Source** Purification
HEK293 cells > 95% by SDSPAGE.

### **Endotoxin**

 $< 0.1 EU/\mu g$  of the protein by LAL method.

### **Formulation**

Lyophilized from a 0.22 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.Contact us for customized product form or formulation.

### Reconstitution

Centrifuge the vial before opening.
Reconstitute to a concentration of
0.1-0.5 mg/mL in sterile distilled water.
Avoid votex or vigorously pipetting the
protein. For long term storage, it is
recommended to add a carrier protein
or stablizer (e.g. 0.1% BSA, 5% HSA,
10% FBS or 5% Trehalose), and aliquot
the reconstituted protein solution to
minimize free-thaw cycles.

### Contact

**(3)** 

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### **Background**

Interleukin 1 receptor, type I (IL-1R1) also known as CD121a (Cluster of Differentiation 121a), is an interleukin receptor. The protein encoded by this gene is a cytokine receptor that belongs to the interleukin-1 receptor family. This protein is a receptor for interleukin 1 alpha (IL1A), interleukin 1 beta (IL1B), and interleukin 1 receptor antagonist (IL1RA). The shape change and subsequent repair processes are IL-1 $\beta$  activity-dependent, acting through the IL-1 type 1 receptor (IL-1R1), as co-application of the IL-1type 1 receptor antagonist protein (IL-1ra) blocks IL-1 $\beta$  induced effects. This gene along with interleukin 1 receptor, type II (IL1R2), interleukin 1 receptor-like 2 (IL1RL2), and interleukin 1 receptor-like 1 (IL1RL1) form a cytokine receptor gene cluster in a region mapped to chromosome 2q12. It has been suggested that the Type II receptor, either as the membrane-bound or as the soluble form, serves as a decoy for IL-1 and inhibits IL-1 action by blocking the binding of IL-1 to the signaling Type I receptor complex. Recombinant IL-1 soluble receptor Type I is a potent antagonist of IL-1 action.

### **Basic Information**

### Description

Recombinant Human IL-1R1/IL-1RT1/CD121a Protein is produced by HEK293 cells expression system. The target protein is expressed with sequence (Asp21-Thr332) of human IL1R1 (Accession #NP\_000868.1) fused with a 6×His tag at the C-terminus.

### **Bio-Activity**

1.Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized Recombinant Human IL1RA at 5  $\mu$ g/mL (100  $\mu$ L/well) can bind Recombinant Human IL1R1 with a linear range of 63-252 ng/mL.|2.Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized Human IL-1 beta (Catalog: RP00002) at 10  $\mu$ g/mL (100  $\mu$ L/well) can bind Biotinylated Human IL-1R1 (Catalog: RP01036) with a linear range of 0.002-1  $\mu$ g/mL.

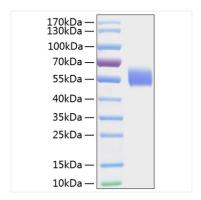
#### Storage

Store the lyophilized protein at -20°C to -80 °C for long term.

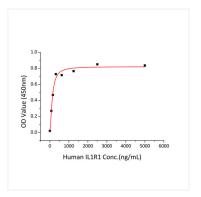
After reconstitution, the protein solution is stable at -20 °C for 3 months, at 2-8 °C for up to 1 week.

Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

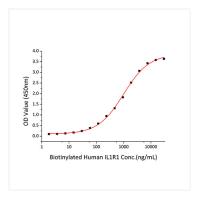
## **Validation Data**



Recombinant Human IL-1R1/IL-1RT1/CD121a Protein was determined by SDS-PAGE with Coomassie Blue, showing a band at 55 kDa.



Immobilized Recombinant Human IL1RA at 5µg/mL (100 µL/well) can bind Recombinant Human IL1R1 with a linear range of 63-252 ng/mL.



Immobilized Human IL-1 beta (Catalog: RP00002) at 10  $\mu$ g/mL (100  $\mu$ L/well) can bind Biotinylated Human IL-1R1 (Catalog: RP01036) with a linear range of 0.002-1  $\mu$ g/mL.