

A19136

Leader in Biomolecular Solutions for Life Science



N6-methyladenosine / m6A Mouse mAb

Catalog No.: A19136

Basic Information

Observed MW

Calculated MW

Category

Small Molecule-specific Antibody

Applications

ELISA,DB

Cross-Reactivity

Species independent

CloneNo number

AMC0257

Background

Discovered in the 1970s, m6A is the most prevalent internal modification in polyadenylated mRNAs and long non-coding RNAs (lncRNAs) in higher eukaryotes. m6A is widely conserved among eukaryotic species that range from yeast, plants, flies to mammals, as well as among viral RNAs with a nuclear phase. The m6A-based modification is associated with a well-defined RNA motif, RRACH (R: A/G, H: A/C/U). As a representative of the epitranscriptome, m6A mRNA modifications participate in many vital activities in the cell, including stem cell self-renewal and differentiation, mRNA transcription, alternative splicing, nuclear export, translation, degradation, and microRNA processing. These processes determine the expression or inactivation of specific genes, which is vital for growth and development.(PMID: 30416848; PMID: 24662220; PMID: 30429466)

Recommended Dilutions

DB 1:500 - 1:2000

Immunogen Information

Gene ID

Swiss Prot

Immunogen

Chemical compounds corresponding to N6-methyladenosine / m6A.

Synonyms

N6-methyladenosine; m6A; N6-methyladenosine / m6A

Contact



www.abclonal.com

Product Information

Source

Mouse

Isotype

IgG1,kappa

Purification

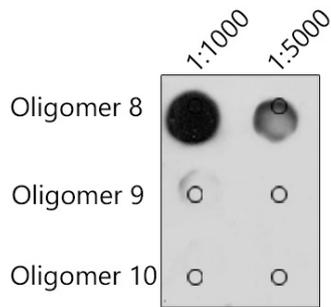
Affinity purification

Storage

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Buffer: PBS with 0.01% thimerosal,50% glycerol,pH7.3.

Validation Data



The m6A mouse monoclonal antibody (A19136) are tested in Dot Blot against N6-methyladenosine (m6A) and unmodified adenosine (100ng for each oligomer).
Oligomer 8 - N6-methyladenosine (ATAACTGG-m6A-CCGAATGG)
Oligomer 9 - unmodified adenosine (ATAACTGGACCGAATGG)
Oligomer 10 - unmodified adenosine (AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA-biotin)