

WFS1 Rabbit pAb

Catalog No.: A1705

Basic Information

Observed MW

100kDa

Calculated MW

100kDa

Category

Primary antibody

Applications

ELISA, WB, IF/ICC

Cross-Reactivity

Human, Mouse, Rat

Background

This gene encodes a transmembrane protein, which is located primarily in the endoplasmic reticulum and ubiquitously expressed with highest levels in brain, pancreas, heart, and insulinoma beta-cell lines. Mutations in this gene are associated with Wolfram syndrome, also called DIDMOAD (Diabetes Insipidus, Diabetes Mellitus, Optic Atrophy, and Deafness), an autosomal recessive disorder. The disease affects the brain and central nervous system. Mutations in this gene can also cause autosomal dominant deafness 6 (DFNA6), also known as DFNA14 or DFNA38. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene.

Recommended Dilutions

WB 1:500 - 1:1000**IF/ICC** 1:50 - 1:200

Immunogen Information

Gene ID

7466

Swiss Prot

O76024

Immunogen

Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino acids 1-285 of human WFS1 (NP_005996.2).

Synonyms

WFS; WFRS; WFSL; CTRCT41; WFS1

Contact

 | www.abclonal.com

Product Information

Source

Rabbit

Isotype

IgG

Purification

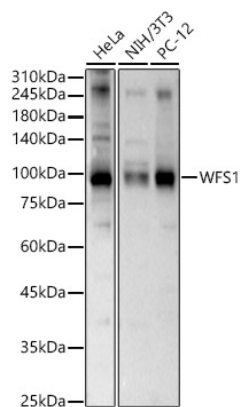
Affinity purification

Storage

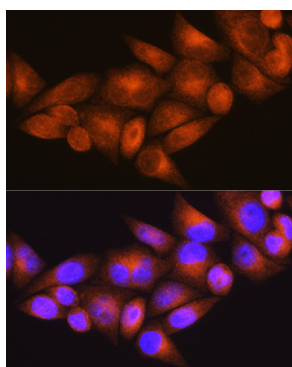
Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

Validation Data



Western blot analysis of various lysates, using WFS1 antibody (A1705) at 1:1000 dilution. Secondary antibody: HRP Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS014) at 1:10000 dilution. Lysates/proteins: 25µg per lane. Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST. Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020). Exposure time: 60s.



Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells using WFS1 Rabbit pAb (A1705) at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.