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## Recombinant Mouse TNFSF11/RANKL/CD254 Protein

Catalog No.: RP00745 Recombinant 1 Publications

## **Sequence Information**

**Species Gene ID Swiss Prot**Mouse 21943 035235

## Tags

No tag

#### **Synonyms**

Tumor necrosis factor ligand superfamily member 11;Tnfsf11;Osteoclast differentiationfactor;ODF;Osteoprotegeri n ligand;OPGL;Receptor activator of nuclear factor kappa-Bligand;RANKL;TNF-related activation-induced cytokine;TRANCE;CD254; TNFSF11

#### **Product Information**

**Source** Purification <1>E. coli</1> > 95% by SDS-

PAGF.

#### **Endotoxin**

< 1 EU/µg of the protein by LAL method.

#### **Formulation**

Lyophilized from a 0.22  $\mu$ m filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

#### Reconstitution

Centrifuge the vial before opening. Reconstitute to a concentration of 0.1-0.5 mg/mL in sterile distilled water. Avoid votex or vigorously pipetting the protein. For long term storage, it is recommended to add a carrier protein or stablizer (e.g. 0.1% BSA, 5% HSA, 10% FBS or 5% Trehalose), and aliquot the reconstituted protein solution to minimize free-thaw cycles.

#### **Contact**



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## **Background**

Mouse tumor necrosis factor ligand superfamily member 11(Tnfsf11) is a member of the tumor necrosis factor(TNF) cytokine family. Tnfsf11 is widely expressed in cells including T cells and T cell rich organs, such asthymus and lymph nodes. This cytokine can bind to TNFRSF11B/OPG andTNFRSF11A/RANK. Tnfsf11 is involvedin a number of fundamental biological processes such as acting as regulator of interactions between T-cells anddendritic cells, the regulation of the T-cell-dependent immune response and enhancing bone-resorption inhumoral hypercalcemia of malignancy. It augments the ability of dendritic cells to stimulate naive T-cellproliferation.

## **Basic Information**

## **Description**

Recombinant Mouse TNFSF11/RANK L/TRANCE Protein is produced by <I>E. coli</I> expression system. The target protein is expressed with sequence (Arg156-Asp316) of mouse TNFSF11/RANK L/TRANCE (Accession #O35235).

#### **Bio-Activity**

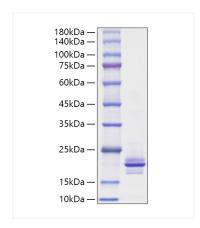
Measured by its ability to induce osteoclast differentiation of RAW 264.7 mouse monocyte/macrophage cells. The ED<sub>50</sub> for this effect is 2.30-9.22 ng/mL, corresponding to a specific activity of  $1.08 \times 10 < \text{sup} > 5 < /\text{sup} > 4.35 \times 10 < \text{sup} > 5 < /\text{sup} > \text{units/mg}$ .

#### Storage

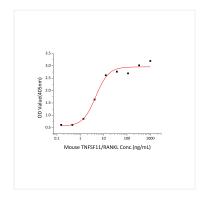
Store the lyophilized protein at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months. <br/> <br/> After reconstitution, the protein solution is stable at -20°C for 3 months, at 2-8°C for up to 1 week.

Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

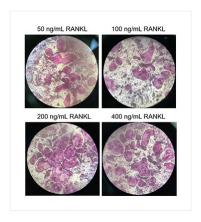
## **Validation Data**



Recombinant Mouse TNFSF11/RANKL/CD254 Protein determined by SDS-PAGE with Coomassie Blue. showing a band at 15-25 kDa.



Measured by its ability to induce osteoclast differentiation of RAW 264.7 mouse monocyte/macrophage cells. The ED $_{50}$  for this effect is 2.30-9.22 ng/mL, corresponding to a specific activity of  $1.08 \times 10^5 \sim 4.35 \times 10^5$  units/mg.



Induce mouse BMMs to differentiate into osteoclasts with recombinant mouse RANKL (50-400 ng/mL) and M-CSF (25 ng/mL, Cat. RP01216). Replace with fresh medium every two days. After 5 days' stimulation, the cells were fixed, and TRAP staining was performed. Results showed that BMMs differentiated into osteoclasts successfully. (Customer feedback data)