Leader in Biomolecular Solutions for Life Science



Phospho-AKT1-T308+AKT2-T309+AKT3-T305 Rabbit pAb

Catalog No.: AP1172 1 Publications

Basic Information

Observed MW

60kDa

Calculated MW

48kDa/55kDa/51kDa/54kDa

Category

Polyclonal Antibody

Applications

WB, ELISA

Cross-Reactivity

Human, Mouse

Background

The serine-threonine protein kinase encoded by the AKT1 gene is catalytically inactive in serum-starved primary and immortalized fibroblasts. AKT1 and the related AKT2 are activated by platelet-derived growth factor. The activation is rapid and specific, and it is abrogated by mutations in the pleckstrin homology domain of AKT1. It was shown that the activation occurs through phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase. In the developing nervous system AKT is a critical mediator of growth factor-induced neuronal survival. Survival factors can suppress apoptosis in a transcription-independent manner by activating the serine/threonine kinase AKT1, which then phosphorylates and inactivates components of the apoptotic machinery. Mutations in this gene have been associated with the Proteus syndrome. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene.

Recommended Dilutions

WB

1:500 - 1:1000

Immunogen Information

Gene ID

Swiss Prot

P31749/P31751/Q9Y243

Immunogen

207/208/10000

A synthetic phosphorylated peptide around T308 of human AKTAKT1 (NP_005154.2).

Synonyms

AKT1/AKT2/AKT3; Phospho-AKT1-T308+AKT2-T309+AKT3-T305

Contact

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Product Information

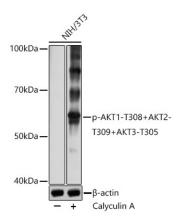
Source Rabbit **Isotype** IgG **Purification**Affinity purification

Storage

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Buffer: PBS with 0.01% thimerosal,50% glycerol,pH7.3.

Validation Data



Western blot analysis of lysates from NIH/3T3 cells, using Phospho-AKT1-T308+AKT2-T309+AKT3-T305 Rabbit pAb (AP1172) at 1:1000 dilution.NIH/3T3 cells were treated by Calyculin A (100 nM) at 37° C for 30 minutes after serum-starvation overnight.

Secondary antibody: HRP Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS014) at 1:10000 dilution.

Lysates/proteins: 25µg per lane. Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST. Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020).

Exposure time: 3s.