

# DIO1 Rabbit pAb

Catalog No.: A8761 **1 Publications**

## Basic Information

**Observed MW**

29kDa

**Calculated MW**

29kDa

**Category**

Primary antibody

**Applications**

WB

**Cross-Reactivity**

Human

## Background

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the iodothyronine deiodinase family. It catalyzes the activation, as well as the inactivation of thyroid hormone by outer and inner ring deiodination, respectively. The activation reaction involves the conversion of the prohormone thyroxine (3,5,3',5'-tetraiodothyronine, T4), secreted by the thyroid gland, to the bioactive thyroid hormone (3,5,3'-triiodothyronine, T3) by 5'-deiodination. This protein provides most of the circulating T3, which is essential for growth, differentiation and basal metabolism in vertebrates. This protein is a selenoprotein, containing the rare amino acid selenocysteine (Sec) at its active site. Sec is encoded by the UGA codon, which normally signals translation termination. The 3' UTRs of selenoprotein mRNAs contain a conserved stem-loop structure, designated the Sec insertion sequence (SECIS) element, that is necessary for the recognition of UGA as a Sec codon, rather than as a stop signal. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene.

## Recommended Dilutions

WB 1:500 - 1:2000

## Immunogen Information

**Gene ID**

1733

**Swiss Prot**

P49895

**Immunogen**

A synthetic peptide of human DIO1

**Synonyms**

5DI; THMA2; TXD11; DIO1

## Contact

 | [www.abclonal.com](http://www.abclonal.com)

## Product Information

**Source**

Rabbit

**Isotype**

IgG

**Purification**

Affinity purification

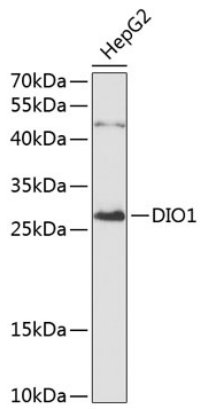
**Storage**

Store at 4°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, pH7.3.

## Validation Data

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Western blot analysis of extracts of HepG2 cells, using DIO1 antibody (A8761).  
Secondary antibody: HRP Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS014) at 1:10000 dilution.  
Lysates/proteins: 25µg per lane.  
Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST.