Leader in Biomolecular Solutions for Life Science

# **APTX Rabbit pAb**

Catalog No.: A5364



# **Basic Information**

### **Observed MW**

40kDa

### **Calculated MW**

41kDa

# Category

Polyclonal Antibody

#### **Applications**

WB,IF/ICC,IP,ELISA

#### **Cross-Reactivity**

Human

# **Background**

This gene encodes a member of the histidine triad (HIT) superfamily. The encoded protein may play a role in single-stranded DNA repair through its nucleotide-binding activity and its diadenosine polyphosphate hydrolase activity. Mutations in this gene have been associated with ataxia-ocular apraxia. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been identified for this gene.

# **Recommended Dilutions**

**WB** 1:500 - 1:2000

**IF/ICC** 1:50 - 1:100

IP 0.5μg-4μg antibody for 200μg-400μg extracts of

whole cells

# **Immunogen Information**

 Gene ID
 Swiss Prot

 54840
 Q7Z2E3

#### **Immunogen**

Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino acids 93-342 of human APTX (NP\_001182178.1).

### **Synonyms**

AOA; AOA1; AXA1; EAOH; EOAHA; FHA-HIT; APTX

### **Contact**

www.abclonal.com

# **Product Information**

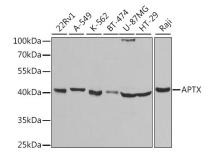
SourceIsotypePurificationRabbitIgGAffinity purification

#### Storage

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

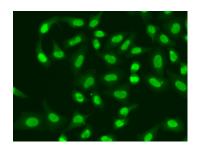
Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide,50% glycerol,pH7.3.

# **Validation Data**

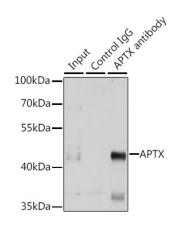


Western blot analysis of various lysates using APTX Rabbit pAb (A5364) at 1:1000 dilution. Secondary antibody: HRP Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS014) at 1:10000 dilution. Lysates/proteins:  $25\mu g$  per lane.

Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST.



Immunofluorescence analysis of A549 cells using APTX Rabbit pAb (A5364).Secondary antibody: Cy3 Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS007) at 1:500 dilution.



Immunoprecipitation analysis of 150  $\mu$ g extracts of A549 cells using 3  $\mu$ g APTX antibody (A5364). Western blot was performed from the immunoprecipitate using APTX antibody (A5364) at a dilution of 1:500.