

Asymmetric DiMethyl-Histone H4-R3 Rabbit pAb

Catalog No.: A17892

Basic Information

Observed MW

Refer to figures

Calculated MW

11kDa

Category

Primary antibody

Applications

WB

Cross-Reactivity

Human

Background

Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. Two molecules of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4) form an octamer, around which approximately 146 bp of DNA is wrapped in repeating units, called nucleosomes. The linker histone, H1, interacts with linker DNA between nucleosomes and functions in the compaction of chromatin into higher order structures. This gene is intronless and encodes a replication-dependent histone that is a member of the histone H4 family. Transcripts from this gene lack polyA tails but instead contain a palindromic termination element. This gene is found in the large histone gene cluster on chromosome 6.

Recommended Dilutions

WB 1:500 - 1:1000

Immunogen Information

Gene ID

8359

Swiss Prot

P62805

Immunogen

A synthetic asymmetric dimethylated peptide around R3 of human Histone H4 (NP_003529.1).

Synonyms

H4C2; H4C3; H4C4; H4C5; H4C6; H4C8; H4C9; H4FA; H4-16; H4C11; H4C12; H4C13; H4C14; H4C15; H4C16; HIST1H4A; Asymmetric DiMethyl-Histone H4-R3

Contact

 | www.abclonal.com

Product Information

Source

Rabbit

Isotype

IgG

Purification

Affinity purification

Storage

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Buffer: PBS with 0.01% thimerosal, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.